TOWN OF DARTMOUTH
MASSACHUSETTS

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

RULES AND REGULATIONS
FOR THE
INSTALLATION AND CONNECTION
OF BUILDING SEWERS
AND FOR THE USE OF
PUBLIC SEWERS

ADOPTED AT SPECIAL TOWN MEETING – DECEMBER 11, 1974
TABLE OF CONTENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ARTICLE</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>PAGE #</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>DEFINITIONS</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II</td>
<td>BUILDING SEWERS AND CONNECTIONS</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>III</td>
<td>USE OF PUBLIC SEWER</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IV</td>
<td>WASTEWATER DISCHARGE PERMITS</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V</td>
<td>REPORTING REQUIREMENTS FOR WASTEWATER DISCHARGE PERMITEES</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VI</td>
<td>PUBLIC SEWER ASSESSMENTS</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VII</td>
<td>SEWER USE CHARGES</td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VIII</td>
<td>SEPTAGE DISPOSAL</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IX</td>
<td>ROCK EXCAVATION</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td>PROTECTION FROM DAMAGE</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XI</td>
<td>POWER AND AUTHORITY OF INSPECTORS</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XII</td>
<td>CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XIII</td>
<td>PENALTIES</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XIV</td>
<td>VALIDITY</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XV</td>
<td>BILLS, BOOKS, ACCOUNTS AND REPORTS</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XVI</td>
<td>REGULATIONS IN FORCE</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATTACHMENTS</td>
<td>Connection Permit Application for construction of a residential or commercial building sewer</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1A Connection Permit Application for construction of an industrial sewer</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2 Application for Drain Layer's License</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3 Licensed Drain Layers</td>
<td>42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4 Application for Permit to Discharge septage wastes at the Dartmouth Sewage Treatment Plant</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5. Sewer Permit Policy</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
RULES & REGULATIONS FOR THE
INSTALLATION & CONNECTION OF BUILDING SEWERS
& FOR THE USE OF PUBLIC SEWERS


Be it ordained and enacted by the Town of Dartmouth, State of Massachusetts as follows:

ARTICLE I
DEFINITIONS

Unless the context specifically indicates otherwise, the meaning of terms used in these rules and regulations shall be as follows:

Sec. 1. “Act” or “the Act” shall mean the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, also known as the Clean Water Act, as amended, 33 United States Code (U.S.C.) 1251, et. seq.

Sec. 2. “Applicant” shall mean the owner of the property, or his duly authorized agent, who enters into an agreement with the Town of Dartmouth, Massachusetts, to pay all expenses of drains and sewers, including manholes, excavation and refill between the building drain and the point at which the public sewer is available to him.

Sec. 3. “BOD” (denoting Biochemical Oxygen Demand) shall mean the quantity of oxygen utilized in the biochemical oxidation of organic matter under standard laboratory procedure in five (5) days at 20°C, expressed in milligrams per liter (mg/l).

Sec. 4. “Building Drain” shall mean that part of the lowest horizontal piping of a drainage system which receives the discharge from soil, waste and other drainage pipes inside the walls of the building and conveys it to the building sewer, beginning ten (10) feet outside the inner face of the foundation wall.

Sec. 5. “Building Sewer” shall mean the extension from the building drain to the public sewer or other places of disposal.

Sec. 6. “Bypass” shall mean the intentional diversion of wastestreams from any portion of an industrial user’s treatment facility.

Sec. 7. “Combined Sewer” shall mean a sewer receiving both surface runoff and sewage.
Sec. 8. "Drain Laying Permit" shall mean a written permit granted by the Superintendent of Public Works to a licensed drain layer to connect a building sewer to a public sewer.

Sec. 9. "Garbage" shall mean solid wastes from the domestic and commercial preparation, cooking and dispensing of food, and from the handling, storage and sale of produce.

Sec. 10. "Industrial Wastewater" shall mean the liquid wastes from industrial manufacturing processes, trade or business as distinct from sanitary sewage.

Sec. 11. "Interference" shall mean a discharge which, alone or in conjunction with a discharge or discharges from other sources, both:

A. Inhibits or disrupts the sewage works, its treatment processes or operations, or its sludge processes, use of disposal; and

B. Therefore is a cause of a violation of any requirement of the sewage treatment plant's National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit (including an increase in the magnitude or duration of a violation) or of the prevention of sewage sludge use or disposal in compliance with the following statutory provisions and regulations or permits issues thereunder (or more stringent State or local regulations): Section 405 of the Clean Water Act, the Solid Waste Disposal Act (SWDA) (including Title II, more commonly referred to as the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), and including State regulations contained in any State sludge management plan prepared pursuant to Subtitle D of the SWDA), the Clean Air Act, the Toxic Substances Control Act and the Marine Protection, Research and Sanctuaries Act.

Sec. 12. "Licensed Drain Layer" shall mean drain layers, registered plumbers and competent contractors licensed by the Town of Dartmouth, Massachusetts and bonded to lay drains in the Town of Dartmouth, Massachusetts.

Sec. 13. "National Categorical Pretreatment Standard" or "Pretreatment Standard" shall mean any regulation containing pollutant discharge limits promulgated by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in accordance with Section 307(b) and (c) of the Act (33 U.S.C. 1347) which applies to a specific category of the industrial users. The term includes prohibitive discharge limits established pursuant to Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 403, "Environmental Protection Agency Pretreatment Standards," Section 403.5 (40 CFR 403.5).

Sec. 14. "National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit" or "NPDES Permit" shall mean a permit issued pursuant to Section 402 of the Act (33 U.S.C. 1342).
Sec. 15. "Natural Outlet" shall mean any outlet into a watercourse, pond, ditch, lake or other body of surface or groundwater.

Sec. 16. "New Source" shall mean any building, structure, facility or installation from which there is or may be a discharge of pollutants, the construction of which commenced after the publication of proposed Pretreatment Standards under Section 307(c) of the Act which will be applicable to such source if such Standards are thereafter promulgated in accordance with that section, provided that:

A. The building, structure, facility or installation is constructed at a site at which no other source is located; or

B. The building, structure, facility or installation totally replaces the process or production equipment that causes the discharge of pollutants at an existing source; or

C. The production or wastewater generating processes of the building, structure, facility or installation are substantially independent of an existing source at the same site. In determining whether these are substantially independent, factors such as the extent to which the new facility is integrated with the existing plant, and the extent to which the new facility is engaged in the same general type of activity as the existing source should be considered.

Construction on a site at which an existing source is located results in a modification rather than a new source if the construction does not create a new building, structure, facility or installation meeting the criteria of paragraphs B or C of this section but otherwise alters, replaces or adds to existing process or production equipment.

Construction of a new source as defined under this paragraph has commenced if the owner or operator has:

A. Begun, or caused to begin as part of a continuous onsite construction program:

1. Any placement, assembly or installation of facilities or equipment; or

2. Significant site preparation work including clearing, excavation or removal of existing buildings, structures or facilities which is necessary for the placement, assembly or installation of a new source facilities or equipment; or
B. Entered into a binding contractural obligation for the purchase of facilities or equipment, which are intended to be used in its operation within a reasonable time. Options to purchase or contracts, which can be terminated or modified without substantial loss, and contracts for feasibility, engineering and design studies, do not constitute a contractural obligation under this paragraph.

Sec. 17. "Pass Through" shall mean a discharge which exits the sewage treatment plant into water of the United States in quantities or concentrations, which alone or in conjunction with a discharge or discharges from other sources, is a cause of a violation of any requirement of the sewage treatment plant’s NPDES permit (including an increase in the magnitude or duration of a violation).

Sec. 18. "Person" shall mean any individual, firm, company, association, society, corporation, or group.

Sec. 19. "pH" shall mean the logarithm of the reciprocal of the hydrogen ion concentration in a solution, as determined solely by electronic metering device.

Sec. 20. "Properly Shredded Garbage" shall mean the wastes from the preparation, cooking and dispensing of food that have been shredded to such a degree that all particles will be carried freely under the flow conditions normally prevailing in public sewers, with no particle greater than one-half (1/2) inch (1.27 centimeters) in any dimension.

Sec. 21. "Public Sewer" shall mean a sewer installed in a street or easement that collects and carries away sewage discharged from a building sewer or sewer service connection, in which all owners of abutting properties have equal rights, and which is controlled by public authority.

Sec. 22. "Sanitary Sewer" shall mean a sewer, which carries sewage, and to which stormwater, surface water and groundwater are not intentionally admitted.

Sec. 23. "Sewage" shall mean a combination of the water-carried wastes from residences, business buildings, institutions and industrial establishments, together with such groundwater, surface water and stormwater as may be present.

Sec. 24. "Sewage Treatment Plant" shall mean any arrangement of devices and structures used for treating sewage.

Sec. 25. "Sewage Works" shall mean all facilities for collecting, pumping, treating and disposing of sewage.

Sec. 26. "Sewer" shall mean a pipe or conduit for carrying sewage.
Sec. 27. "Sewer Service Connection" shall mean the extension of the pipe, used only for discharge of sewage, from a point ten (10) feet outside the inner face of the foundation wall of the building served, to its junction with the public sewer.

Sec. 28. "Shall" is mandatory; "May" is permissive.

Sec. 29. "Slug" shall mean any discharge of water, sewage or industrial wastewater which in concentration of any given constituent or in quantity of flow exceeds for any period of duration longer than fifteen (15) minutes, more than five (5) times the average twenty-four (24) hour concentration or flows during normal operation.

Sec. 30. "Storm Drain" (sometimes termed "Storm Sewer") shall mean a sewer which carries stormwater and surface water, drainage and unpolluted cooling water, but excludes sewage and industrial wastewater.

Sec. 31. "Superintendent" shall mean the Superintendent of Public Works of the Town of Dartmouth, Massachusetts, or his duly authorized deputy, agent or representative.

Sec. 32. "Suspended Solids" shall mean solids that either float on the surface of, or are in suspension in water, sewage or other liquids, and which are removable by laboratory filtering.

Sec. 33. "Town" shall mean the duly appointed members of the Board of Public Works of the Town of Dartmouth, Massachusetts, its duly authorized deputies, agents, representatives or others having jurisdiction with regard to enforcement of these Rules and Regulations or acting for the Town of Dartmouth, Massachusetts.

Sec. 34. "User" shall mean any person, inside or outside of the Town of Dartmouth, who contributes, causes or permits the contribution of wastewater into the Town’s sewage treatment works.

Sec. 35. "Watercourse" shall mean a channel in which a flow of water occurs, either continuously or intermittently.

ARTICLE II
BUILDING SEWERS AND CONNECTIONS

Sec. 1. No unauthorized person shall uncover, make any connection with, or openings into, use, alter or disturb any public sewer or appurtenance thereof, without first obtaining a written permit from the Superintendent.

Any person proposing a new discharge of domestic wastewater into the system, or a substantial change in the volume of domestic wastewater being
discharged to the system shall notify the Superintendent at least forty-five (45) days prior to the proposed change or connection.

Any person proposing a new discharge of industrial wastewater into the system, or a substantial change in the volume or character of pollutants in the industrial wastewater being discharged to the system shall notify the Superintendent at least ninety (90) days prior to the proposed change or connection, in accordance with Article IV of these rules and regulations.

Sec. 2. **Connection Permit Application:** The property owner or his authorized agent shall make application on a special form provided by the Superintendent of Public Works. The application shall be supplemented by any plans, specifications or other information considered pertinent, in the judgment of the Superintendent (Attachment 1 and 1A).

Sec. 3. **Connection Permit:** Permits shall be issued only to licensed drain layers, and shall be issued only after said licensed drain layer shall have certified to the Superintendent that he has filed notices to public utility companies as required under Massachusetts General Laws, Chapter 82, Section 40, if the work so requires. Permits shall be obtained Monday-Friday, 8:30 a.m. – 4:30 p.m. at the Dartmouth Town Hall, office of the Town Collector, 400 Slocum Road. The permit application shall be supplemented by a layout plan showing the location of existing service connection, house location, route and grade of sewer service. This permit shall be approved by the Superintendent or his authorized deputy, agent or representative. A permit and inspection fee for a residential, commercial or industrial building sewer shall be paid to the Town of Dartmouth at the time the permit is issued. The fee shall be the amount most recently approved by the Board of Public Works. This permit is not transferable between licensed drain layers nor sewer service connections. The permit shall be subject to revocation when any of the rules and regulations contained herein are violated. The permit shall be valid for ninety (90) calendar days from date of issue; if all work is not completed within ninety (90) calendar days, a new permit shall be obtained. A permit shall be obtained for any work to existing services. A separate permit shall be requested for each building sewer to be connected to a public sewer.

Sec. 4. **Required Connections:** All owners of buildings located on land abutting a public or private way in which there is a public sewer shall, within a period of one year from a written notice given by the Superintendent, connect therewith, except that owners with an existing and adequate system shall be excused until such time as said system is ruled inadequate by the Town.

Sec. 5. **Penalty:** Whoever violates the provisions of Section 1 of this Article shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five thousand (5,000) dollars for each violation.

Sec. 6. **Permissive Connections:** All owners of buildings located on land adjacent to a public sewer other than abutting a public or private way may connect to
the public sewer, provided that a connection permit application is submitted and a connection permit granted. Users proposing to discharge industrial wastewater must also complete a wastewater discharge permit application and be granted a wastewater discharge permit.

Sec. 7. **Cost and Expense:** All costs and expenses incidental to the installation and connection of the building sewer shall be borne by the Owner. The Owner shall indemnify the Town of Dartmouth from any loss or damage that may directly or indirectly be occasioned by the installation and connection of the building sewer.

Sec. 8. **Separate Building Sewer:** A separate and independent building sewer shall be provided for every building, except where one building stands at the rear of another building on an interior lot, and no private sewer is available or can be constructed to the rear of the building, through an adjoining alley, courtyard or driveway. In this case the building sewer from the front building may be extended to the rear building, and the whole considered as one particular sewer.

Sec. 9. **Existing Building Sewers:** Existing building sewers may be used in conjunction with the new building sewer only when they are found on examination and test by the Superintendent to meet all the requirements of these rules and regulations.

Sec. 10. **Construction:** The size, slope alignment, materials of construction of a building sewer and the methods to be used in excavating, placing of pipe, jointing, testing and backfilling the trench shall all conform to the requirements of the building code, Department of Public Works Specifications or other applicable rules and regulations of the Town of Dartmouth. In the absence of code provisions or in amplification thereof, the materials and procedures set forth in appropriate specifications of the A.S. T.M. and W.P.C.F. Manual of Practice No. 9 shall apply.

Line and grade of the pipe shall be controlled by the use of batter boards and string lines set for this purpose. Batter boards shall not exceed a distance of thirty (30) feet apart unless otherwise directed by the Superintendent.

Sec. 11. **Elevation of Building Sewer:** Whenever possible, the building sewer shall be brought to the building at an elevation below the basement floor. In all buildings in which a building drain is too low to permit gravity flow to the public sewer, sanitary sewage carried by such building drain shall be lifted by an approved means and discharged to the building sewer.

Sec. 12. **Illegal Discharge:** No person shall make any connection of or cause to be connected any roof downspouts, exterior foundation drains, areaway drains or other sources of surface runoff or groundwater to a building sewer or building drain which in turn is connected directly or indirectly to a public sanitary sewer.
Sec. 13. **Building Sewer Connection:** The connection of the building sewer into the public sewer shall conform to the requirements of the building and plumbing code, Department of Public Works Specifications or other applicable rules and regulations of the Town of Dartmouth, or the procedures set forth in appropriate specifications of the A.S.T.M. and the W.P.C.F. Manual of Practice No. 9. All such connections shall be made gastight and watertight.

The applicant for the building sewer permit shall notify the Superintendent of Public Works when the building sewer is ready for inspection and connection to the public sewer. The connection shall be made under the supervision of the Superintendent or his representative.

Sec. 14. **Trenches:** Trenches shall be excavated from the end of existing public sewer to its point of connection to the building drain before backfilling any trench beyond the gravel envelope surrounding the pipe. All excavation for building sewer installation shall be adequately guarded with barricades and lights to protect the public from hazard. Streets, sidewalks, parkways and other public property disturbed in the course of the work shall be restored in a manner satisfactory to the Town of Dartmouth.

Sec. 15. **Work in Public and Private Way:**

A. All excavations and obstructions shall be adequately barricaded and lighted at all time to protect the public from harm.

B. Trenches shall be backfilled according to Department of Public Works Specifications.

C. The licensed drain layer shall maintain the temporary bituminous patch in all public ways and paved private ways for a period of three (3) months, when he shall remove the temporary patch and place a permanent patch according to Department of Public Works Specifications.

D. A failed temporary patch shall be restored within eight (8) hours of notification to do so.

E. The licensed drain layer shall restore the permanent road surface within fourteen (14) days following notification to do so. If the licensed drain layer fails to comply, the Town of Dartmouth Highway Division shall have the work accomplished, and the licensed drain layer shall be liable for all debts incurred.

F. Power shovels, bulldozers, loaders, trucks and other equipment shall not be operated on or across sidewalks, berms, curbings, etc., until they have been properly protected from damage by planking or other approved means. All damage resulting from the licensed drain layer's operation shall be repaired by him. All repairs to municipal structures shall be accomplished by the licensed drain layer under the
supervision of the Department of Public Works personnel. Time and one-half (1-1/2) will be charged for overtime. Any material furnished by the Town of Dartmouth shall be replaced in kind.

G. When it is necessary to make sewer connections in state highways, the Town of Dartmouth shall obtain the necessary permits from the Massachusetts Department of Public Works prior to the issuance of a sewer connection permit. All work shall then be done in accordance with the requirements set forth in the permit(s) issued by the Massachusetts Department of Public Works. The owner of the land requiring the sewer connection shall pay for the cost of the permit(s).

Sec. 16. Construction, Maintenance and Ownership: Sewer service connections on public ways from the public sewer to the property line shall be built, repaired and maintained by the Department of Public Works. Connection of the particular sewer from the public sewer to the house or building shall be paid for, owned and maintained by the owner of the land. Connections required in the future on private ways or on private property to a public sewer shall be built, paid for, repaired and maintained by the owner of the land.

Sec. 17. Methods and Materials for Construction:

A. All installations shall be according to the most recently approved Department of Public Works Specifications.

B. In new construction, and where practicable in existing buildings, when the public sewer is sufficiently deep, the building sewer shall be laid directly without deflection from the building plumbing vent stack to the connection provided at the public sewer.

C. Tunneling shall not be allowed unless approved by the Superintendent.

D. Connections made to the building drain shall be upstream of any septic tank or cesspool, and shall be done under the supervision and inspection of the Town of Dartmouth Plumbing Inspector.

E. Upon connection of the building sewer to the public sewer, existing septic tanks and cesspools shall be completely filled with suitable material under the supervision and inspection of the Town of Dartmouth Health Department, or shall be removed.

Sec. 18. Responsibility: The licensed drain layer shall be responsible for all defects and workmanship for a period of one (1) year following completion of the building sewer to the public sewer.

Sec. 19. Inspection: Service connections shall not be backfilled beyond the screened gravel envelope until the work has been inspected and approved by the
Superintendent. The licensed drain layer shall arrange his work to require the services of the Superintendent for as short a time as possible.

Sec. 20. Payment for Maintenance: If any sewer service connection becomes obstructed or otherwise fails to work properly, the Superintendent shall be notified promptly. Any work required between the public sewer connection and the building drain shall be the responsibility of the owner. The costs of maintenance and repair of the public sewer shall be borne by the Town of Dartmouth. The property owner shall be responsible to determine that the obstruction or failure is not on his property.

Sec. 21. Sewer Connection in New Developments:

A. The Board of Public Works shall decide if a public sewer is reasonably available for a connection to a new development.

B. Before sanitary sewers are installed in new developments by a builder, the owner shall grant to the Town of Dartmouth an easement over the streets or property in which the sanitary sewer is installed. Such grant of easement shall not only allow ingress and egress over said land for the purpose of construction, supervising, maintaining and repairing the sewer, but also, upon completion and acceptance by the Town of Dartmouth, shall relinquish to the Town of Dartmouth all interest and claims to the sanitary sewer, as it shall become public.

C. Both sanitary and building sewers and appurtenances connecting to and within developments shall be installed at the expense of the builder, and shall be subject to acceptance by the Town of Dartmouth.

D. Materials and workmanship shall conform to these rules and regulations, Department of Public Works Specifications and to all other requirements levied by the Superintendent.

E. Whenever a public sewer has been installed, and it becomes necessary to construct a manhole at that sewer in order to connect the new development, the builder shall assume the cost of the installation.

F. The policy of the Board of Public Works is not to assess land in a new development abutting a public sewer installed at the expense of the developer. However, the Board reserves the right to make exceptions to this rule. Therefore, each application shall be judged individually, and a ruling shall be rendered by the Board.

G. Owners of land which is to be subdivided under Chapter 41, Sections 81-K-81GG of the General Laws shall, at the time of submission of a definitive subdivision plan to the Planning Board, furnish a plan for sewer installation in said subdivision to the Department of Public Works.
Works for review by an engineer appointed by the Board. The cost of this review will be at the Owner's expense. Drawings submitted for approval shall be 27 inches by 42 inches in size. Horizontal scale shall be 1" = 40' and vertical scale shall be 1" = 10'. Owners must also furnish an environmental assessment statement and other information required by the Bureau of Municipal Facilities of the Department of Environmental Protection, Commonwealth of Massachusetts. No work shall commence on sewer installation until written approval of the concerned state agencies and the engineer appointed by the Board shall have been received.

H. At completion of sewer installation in a subdivision, and before connection is made, the newly constructed lines shall be cleaned, flushed and tested to determine the quantity of infiltration and exfiltration in accordance with Department of Public Works Specifications. The connection of the building sewer to the public sewer shall be made under the supervision of the Superintendent. Final inspection and observation of testing shall be done by an engineer appointed by the Board, and the owner will be required to reimburse the Board for the expense of said final inspection and testing.

I. Within ten (10) days of completion of final inspection and testing in a subdivision, the owner thereof shall file with the Board “as built” plans which are acceptable to the Board’s engineer on reproducible paper which shall be 42 inches by 27 inches in size. Said “as built” plans shall be certified by the installing contractor’s engineer.

J. Prior to installation of the sewer system as shown on the subdivision plan, the owner shall pay the fee for the service connection permit. This fee shall be the amount most recently approved by the Board of Public Works.

ARTICLE III
USE OF PUBLIC SEWERS

Sec. 1. All applicable State and Federal laws required by the Clean Water Act of 1977 and the General Pretreatment Regulations (Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 403 (40 CFR 403)) shall be fully incorporated and made enforceable by reference in these rules and regulations.

Sec. 2. No person shall discharge or cause to be discharged any stormwater, surface water, groundwater, roof runoff, subsurface drainage, uncontaminated cooling water or unpolluted industrial process waters to any sanitary sewer. An NPDES permit may be required for certain discharges which are not allowed in the sanitary sewer.
Sec. 3. Stormwater and all other unpolluted drainage shall be discharged to such sewers as are specifically designated as storm sewers, or to a natural outlet approved by the Superintendent.

Sec. 4. No person shall discharge or cause to be discharged any of the following described waters or wastes to any public sewer:

A. Any gasoline, benzene, naphtha, fuel oil or other flammable or explosive liquid, solid or gas.

B. Any petroleum oil, nonbiodegradable cutting oil or products of mineral oil origin in amounts that will cause interference or pass through at the sewage treatment plant.

C. Any waters or wastes containing toxic or poisonous solids, liquids or gases in sufficient quantities, either singly or by interaction with other wastes, to injure or interfere with any sewage treatment process, constitute a hazard to humans or animals, create a public nuisance, or create any hazard in the receiving waters of the sewage treatment plant.

D. Any waters or wastes with a closed cup flash-point of less than 140 degrees F or 60 degrees C using the test methods specified in 40 CFR 261.21. At no time shall two successive readings on an explosion hazard meter, at the point of discharge into the system (or at any point in the system) be more than five percent (5%), nor any single reading over ten percent (10%) of the lower explosive limit (LEL) of the meter.

E. Any waters or wastes which shall result in toxic gases, vapors or fumes within the sewage treatment plant in a quantity that may cause acute worker health and safety problems.

F. Any trucked or hauled pollutants except those permitted by the Superintendent. Such pollutants may only be discharged at the sewage treatment plant.

G. Any waters or wastes having a pH lower than 5.5, or higher than 9.5, or having any other corrosive property capable of causing damage or hazard to structures, equipment or personnel of the sewage works.

H. Solid or viscous substances in quantities or of such size capable of causing obstruction to the flow in sewers, or other interference with the proper operation of the sewage works such as, but not limited to, ashes, cinders, sand, mud, straw, shavings, metal, glass, rags, feathers, tar, plastics, wood, unground garbage, whole blood, paunch manure, hair and fleshings, entrails, paper or plastic dishes, cups, milk containers, fish processing wastes, fish, scales, etc., either whole or ground by garbage grinders, and cesspool or septic system contents.
Sec. 5. No person shall discharge or cause to be discharged the following substances, materials, waters or wastes if it appears likely in the opinion of the Superintendent that such wastes can harm either the sewers, sewage treatment process or equipment, pass through the sewage treatment works or interfere with the operation or performance of the works, have an adverse effect on the receiving waters, or can otherwise endanger life, limb or public property, or constitute a nuisance. In forming his opinion as to the acceptability of these wastes, the Superintendent will give consideration to such factors as the quantities of subject wastes in relation to flows and velocities in the sewers, materials of construction of the sewers, nature of the sewage treatment process, capacity of the sewage treatment plant, degree of treatability of wastes in the sewage treatment plant and other pertinent factors. The substances prohibited are:

A. Any liquid or vapor having a temperature higher than one hundred fifty (150) degrees F (65 degrees C) at the point of discharge, or higher than one hundred four (104) degrees F (40 degrees C) at the introduction to the sewage treatment plant.

B. Any water or waste containing fats, wax, grease or oils, whether emulsified or not, in excess of one hundred (100) mg/l or containing substances which may solidify or become viscous at temperatures between thirty-two (32) and one hundred four (104) degrees F (0 and 40 degrees C).

C. Any garbage that has not been properly shredded. The installation and operation of any garbage grinder equipped with a motor of three fourths (3/4) horsepower or greater shall be subject to the review and approval of the Superintendent.

D. Any waters or wastes containing strong acid iron pickling wastes, or concentrated plating solutions, whether neutralized or not.

E. Any waters or wastes containing phenols or other taste or odor producing substances, in such concentrations exceeding limits which may be established by the Superintendent as necessary after treatment of the composite sewage to meet the requirements of the State, Federal or other public agencies having jurisdiction for such discharge to the receiving waters.

F. Any radioactive wastes or isotopes of such half-life or concentration as may exceed limits established by the Superintendent in compliance with applicable State and Federal regulations.

G. Any wastes or waters having a pH in excess of 9.5, or lower than 5.5.

H. Materials which exert or cause:
1. Unusual concentrations of inert suspended solids (such as, but not limited to, Fuller's earth, lime slurries and lime residues) or of dissolved solids (such as, but not limited to, sodium chloride and sodium sulfate).

2. Excessive discoloration (such as, but not limited to, dye wastes and vegetable tanning solutions).

3. Unusual BOD, chemical oxygen demand or chlorine requirements in such quantities as to constitute a significant load on the sewage treatment works.

4. Unusual volume, flow or concentration of wastes constituting "slugs" as defined herein.

I. Waters or wastes containing substances which are not amenable to treatment or reduction by the sewage treatment process employed, or are amenable to treatment only to such degree that the sewage treatment plant effluent cannot meet the requirements of other agencies having jurisdiction over its discharge into receiving waters.

J. Any waters or wastes which exceed the limits established by the Department of Public Works, the State or the National Categorical Pretreatment Standards.

K. Any waters or wastes designated as prohibited discharges in the General Pretreatment Regulations (40 CFR 403.5).

Sec. 6. The Town reserves the right to establish by-law additional or more stringent limitations or requirements on discharges to the wastewater disposal system if deemed necessary.

Sec. 7. After pretreatment program submission and approval, the Town shall continue to develop local limits as necessary, and effectively enforce such limits. Where specific prohibitions or limits on pollutants or pollutant parameters are developed by the Town as part of a local limits analysis, such limits shall be deemed Pretreatment Standards for the purposes of Section 307(d) of the Act. The Town must provide a written technical evaluation of the need to revise local limits as part of its NPDES permit application.

Sec. 8. Upon the promulgation of the National Categorical Pretreatment Standards for a particular industrial subcategory, the Federal Standard, if more stringent than limitations imposed under these rules and regulations for sources in that subcategory, shall immediately supersede the limitations imposed under these rules and regulations. The Superintendent shall notify all affected users of the applicable reporting requirements under 40 CFR, Section 403.12.

Sec. 9. No user shall ever increase the use of process water or in any way attempt to dilute a discharge as a partial or complete substitute for adequate treatment
to achieve compliance with the limitations contained in the National Categorical Pretreatment Standards, or with any other pollutant-specific limitation developed by the Town or State.

Sec. 10. Any bypass is prohibited, and the Superintendent may take enforcement action against an industrial user for a bypass, unless:

A. The bypass was unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury or severe property damage, as defined in 40 CFR 403.17;

B. There were no feasible alternatives to the bypass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities, retention of untreated wastes or maintenance during normal periods of equipment downtime. This condition is not satisfied if adequate back-up equipment should have been installed in the exercise of reasonable engineering judgement to prevent a bypass which occurred during normal periods of equipment downtime or preventative maintenance; and

C. The industrial user submitted notices as required under this section.

The Superintendent may approve an anticipated bypass, after considering its adverse effects, if the Superintendent determines that it will meet the three conditions listed under Paragraphs A, B, and C of this section.

If an industrial user knows in advance of the need for a bypass, it shall submit prior notice to the Superintendent, if possible at least ten (10) days before the date of the bypass.

An industrial user shall submit oral notice of an unanticipated bypass that exceeds applicable Pretreatment Standards to the Superintendent within 24 hours from the time the industrial user becomes aware of the bypass. A written submission shall also be provided within five (5) days of the time the industrial users becomes aware of the bypass. The written submission shall contain a description of the bypass and its cause; the duration of the bypass, including exact dates and times and, if the bypass has not been corrected, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate and prevent reoccurrence of the bypass. The Superintendent may waive the written report on a case-by-case basis if the oral report has been received within 24 hours.

Sec. 11. If any waters or wastes are discharged, or are proposed to be discharged to the public sewers, which waters contain the substances or characteristics enumerated in Section 4 or 5 of this Article, and which in the judgment of the Superintendent may have a deleterious effect upon the sewage works, processes, equipment or receiving waters, or which otherwise may create hazard to life or constitute a public nuisance, the Superintendent may:

A. Reject the wastes;
B. Require pretreatment to an acceptable condition for discharge to the public sewers;

C. Require control over the quantities and rates of discharge; and/or

D. Require payment to cover the added costs of handling and treating the wastes not covered by existing taxes or sewer charges under the provisions of Section 22 of this Article.

Sec. 12. If the Superintendent permits the pretreatment or equalization of waste flows, the design and installation of the plants and equipment shall be subject to the review and approval of the Superintendent, and subject to the requirements of all applicable codes, rules, regulations and laws.

Sec. 13. After the approval of its Industrial Pretreatment Program, the Town will evaluate, at least once every two years, whether each industrial user needs a plan to control slug discharges as defined under Article I, Section 29 of these rules and regulations. If the Town decides that such a plan is needed, the plan will contain at least the following elements:

A. Description of discharge practices, including non-routine batch discharges;

B. Description of stored chemicals;

C. Procedures for promptly notifying the Superintendent of slug discharges, including any discharge that would violate a specific prohibition under Article III of these rules and regulations, with procedures for follow-up written notification within five (5) days;

D. If necessary, procedures to prevent adverse impact from accidental spills, including inspection and maintenance of storage areas, handling and transfer of materials, loading and unloading operations, control of plant site run-off, worker training, building of containment structures or equipment, measures for containing toxic organic pollutants (including solvents), and/or measures and equipment for emergency response; and

E. If necessary, follow-up practices to limit the damage suffered by the sewage treatment plant or the environment.

Sec. 14. The industrial user shall notify the Superintendent, EPA Regional Waste Management Division Director and State hazardous waste authorities in writing of any discharge into the sewage works of a substance, which, if otherwise disposed of, would be a hazardous waste under 40 CFR Part 261. Such notification must include the name of the hazardous wastes as set forth in 40 CFR Part 261, the EPA hazardous waste number and the type of discharge (continuous, batch or other). If the industrial user discharges more than 100 kilograms of such waste per calendar month to the sewage works,
the notification shall also contain the following information to the extent such information is known and readily available to the industrial user: an identification of the hazardous constituents contained in the wastes, an estimation of the mass and concentration of such constituents in the wastestream discharged during that calendar month and an estimation of the mass of constituents in the wastestream expected to be discharged during the following twelve (12) months. All notification must take place within 180 days after the discharge of the hazardous waste. Any notification under this paragraph need be submitted only once for each hazardous waste discharged. However, notification of changed discharges must be submitted under 40 CFR 403.12(j). The notification requirement in this section does not apply to pollutants already reported under the self-monitoring requirements of 40 CFR 403.12(b), (d) and (e).

Industrial users are exempt from the above requirements during a calendar month in which they discharge no more than fifteen (15) kilograms of hazardous wastes, unless the wastes are acute hazardous wastes as specified in 40 CFR 261.30(d) and 261.33(e). Discharge of more than fifteen (15) kilograms of non-acute hazardous wastes in a calendar month, or of any quantity of acute hazardous wastes as specified in 40 CFR 261.30(d) and 261.33(e), requires a one-time notification. Subsequent months during which the industrial user discharges additional quantities of such hazardous waste do not require additional notification.

In the case of the new regulation under Section 3001 of RCRA identifying additional characteristics of hazardous waste or listing any additional substance as a hazardous waste, the industrial user must notify the POTW, the EPA Regional Waste Management Division Director and State hazardous waste authorities of the discharge of such substance within ninety (90) days of the effective date of such regulations.

In the case of any notification made under paragraph (p) of 40 CFR 403.12, the industrial user shall certify that it has a program in place to reduce the volume or toxicity of hazardous wastes generated to the degree it has determined to be economically practical.

**Sec. 15.** The Superintendent may suspend the wastewater treatment service and/or a wastewater discharge permit when such suspension is necessary, in the opinion of the Superintendent, in order to stop an actual or threatened discharge which presents or may present an imminent or substantial endangerment to the health or welfare of persons, or to the environment, causes interference to the sewage treatment plant or causes the Town to violate any condition of its NPDES permit.

**Sec. 16.** Any person notified of a suspension of the wastewater treatment service and/or the wastewater discharge permit shall immediately stop or eliminate the contribution. In the event of a failure of the person to comply voluntarily with the suspension order, the Superintendent shall take such steps as deemed necessary, including immediate severance of the sewer connection,
to prevent or minimize damage to the sewage treatment plant or endangerment to any individuals. The Superintendent shall reinstate the wastewater discharge permit and/or the wastewater treatment service upon proof of the elimination of the noncomplying discharge. A detailed written statement submitted by the user describing the causes of the harmful contribution and the measures taken to prevent any future occurrence shall be submitted to the Superintendent within five (5) days of the date of occurrence.

**Sec. 17.** Any user is subject to having his permit revoked if he violates the following conditions of these rules and regulations, or applicable State and Federal regulations.

A. Failure of a user to factually report the wastewater constituents and characteristics of his discharge;

B. Failure of a user to report significant changes in operations, or wastewater constituents and characteristics;

C. Refusal of reasonable access to the user's premises for the purpose of inspection or monitoring; or

D. Violation of conditions of the wastewater discharge permit.

**Sec. 18.** Grease, oil and sand interceptors shall be provided when, in the opinion of the Superintendent, they are necessary for the proper handling of liquid wastes containing grease in excessive amounts, or any flammable wastes, sand or other harmful ingredients; except that such interceptors shall not be required for private living quarters or dwelling units. All interceptors shall be of a type and capacity approved by the Superintendent, and shall be located so as to be readily accessible for cleaning and inspection.

**Sec. 19.** Where pretreatment or flow equalization facilities are provided for any waters or wastes, they shall be maintained continuously in satisfactory and effective operation by the owner at his expense.

**Sec. 20.** When required by the Superintendent, the owner of any property serviced by a public sewer carrying industrial wastewater shall install a suitable control manhole together with such necessary meters and other appurtenances in the building sewer to facilitate observation, sampling and measurement of the wastewater. Such a manhole, when required, shall be accessibly and safely located, and shall be constructed in accordance with plans approved by the Superintendent (Refer to Drawings 6-10 of the Department of Public Works Specifications). The manhole shall be installed by the owner at his expense, and shall be maintained by him so as to be safe and accessible at all times.

**Sec. 21.** All measurements, tests and analyses of the characteristics of waters and wastes to which reference is made in these rules and regulations shall be determined in accordance with procedures established by the EPA Regional
Administrator pursuant to Section 304(g) of the Act and contained in 40 CFR 136 and amendments thereto, or with any other procedures approved by the Administrator, and shall be determined at the control manhole provided, or upon suitable samples taken at the control manhole. In the event that no special manhole has been required, the control manhole shall be considered to be the nearest downstream manhole in the public sewer to the point at which the building sewer is connected. Sampling shall be carried out in accordance with techniques approved by the Regional Administrator to reflect the effect of constituents upon the sewage works, to determine the existence of hazards to life, limb and property and to determine compliance with local, State and National Pretreatment Standards. (The particular analyses involved will determine whether a twenty-four (24) hour composite of all outfalls of a premise is appropriate or whether a grab sample or samples should be taken.) Normally, but not always, BOD and suspended solids analyses are obtained from 24-hour composites of all outfalls, whereas pH's are determined from periodic grab samples. All industries discharging into a public sewer shall perform such monitoring of their discharges as the Board of Public Works and/or duly authorized employees of the Town may reasonable require including installation, use and maintenance of monitoring equipment, keeping records and reporting the results of such monitoring to the Board of Public Works. Such records shall be made available upon request by the Board of Public Works to other agencies having jurisdiction over discharges to the receiving waters.

Sec. 22. No statement contained in this Article shall be construed as preventing any special agreement or arrangement between the Town of Dartmouth and any industrial concern whereby industrial wastewater of unusual strength or character may be accepted by the Town of Dartmouth for treatment, subject to pavement therefor by the industrial concern, provided that such agreements do not contravene requirements of existing State or Federal laws or regulations.

ARTICLE IV
WASTEWATER DISCHARGE PERMITS

Sec. 1. All users discharging other than domestic waste, and proposing to connect to or to contribute to the sewage treatment plant, shall obtain a wastewater discharge permit before connecting to or contributing to the sewage treatment plant. All existing significant users connected to or contributing to the treatment plant shall obtain a wastewater discharge permit within one hundred eighty (180) days after the effective date of these rules and regulations.

Sec. 2. Users required to obtain a wastewater discharge permit shall complete and file with the Superintendent an application in the form prescribed by the Superintendent, and accompanied by a fee reviewed annually by the Board of Public Works and revised as needed. Existing users shall apply for a wastewater discharge permit within thirty (30) days after the effective date of
these rules and regulations, and proposed new users shall apply at least ninety (90) days prior to connecting to or contributing to the sewage treatment plant. In support of the application, the user shall submit, in units and terms appropriate for evaluation, the following information:

A. Name, address, and location (if different from the address);

B. Standard Industrial Classification number according to the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, Bureau of the Budget, 1972, as amended;

C. Wastewater constituents and characteristics, including but not limited to those mentioned in Article III, Section 4 and 5 of these rules and regulations as determined by a reliable analytical laboratory; sampling and analysis shall be performed in accordance with procedures established by the EPA pursuant to Section 304(g) of the Act and contained in 40 CFR 136, as amended;

D. Time and duration of contribution;

E. Average daily and thirty (30) minute peak wastewater flow rates, including daily, monthly, and seasonal variations, if any;

F. Site plans, floor plans, mechanical and plumbing plans and details to show all sewers, sewer connections and appurtenances by size, location and elevation;

G. Description of activities, facilities and plant processes on the premises including all materials which are or could be discharged;

H. Where known, the nature and concentration of any pollutants in the discharge which are limited by any Town, State or National Pretreatment Standards, and a statement regarding whether or not the pretreatment standards are being met on a consistent basis, and if not, whether additional operation and maintenance (O&M) and/or additional pretreatment is required for the user to meet applicable pretreatment standards;

I. If additional pretreatment and/or O&M will be required to meet the pretreatment standards, the shortest schedule by which the user will provide such additional pretreatment. The completion date in this schedule shall not be later than the compliance date established for the applicable pretreatment standard. The following conditions shall apply to this schedule:

1. The schedule shall contain increments of progress in the form of dates for the commencement and completion of major events leading to the construction and operation of additional pretreatment facilities required for the user to meet the
applicable pretreatment standards (e.g., hiring an engineer, completing preliminary plans, completing final plans, executing a contract for major components, commencing construction, completing construction, etc.). None of these increments of progress shall exceed nine (9) months.

2. Not later than fourteen (14) days following each date in the schedule and the final date for compliance, the user shall submit a progress report to the Superintendent including, as a minimum, whether or not it complied with the increment of progress to be met on such date and, if not, the date on which it expects to comply with this increment of progress, the reason for delay, and the steps being taken by the user to return the construction to the schedule established. In no event shall more than nine (9) months elapse between such progress reports to the Superintendent.

J. Each product produced by type, amount, process or processes and rate of production;

K. Type and amount of raw materials processed (average and maximum per day);

L. Number and type of employees, and hours of operation of the plant and proposed or actual hours of operation of the pretreatment system;

M. Any other information as may be deemed by the Town to be necessary to evaluate the permit application.

Wastewater discharge permit applications must be signed by an appropriate signatory, and certified as to accuracy, as detailed in 40 CFR 403.12(l).

The Superintendent will evaluate the data furnished by the user and may require additional information. After evaluation and acceptance of the data furnished, the Superintendent may issue a wastewater discharge permit subject to terms and conditions provided herein.

If sampling performed by the industrial user for its wastewater discharge permit application, or for other compliance reports described in Article V indicates a violation, the user shall notify the Superintendent within twenty-four (24) hours of becoming aware of the violation. The user shall also repeat the sampling and analysis and submit the results of the repeat analysis to the Superintendent within thirty (30) days after becoming aware of the violation. The industrial user is not required to re-sample if:

A. The Superintendent performs sampling at the industrial user's premise at a frequency of at least once per month; or
B. The Superintendent performs sampling at the industrial user's premise between the time when the user performs its initial sampling and the time when the user receives the results of this sampling.

Sec. 3. Within nine (9) months of the promulgation of a National Categorical Pretreatment Standard, the wastewater discharge permit of users subject to such standards shall be revised to require compliance with such standard within the time frame prescribed by such standard. Where a user, subject to a National Categorical Pretreatment Standard, has not previously submitted an application for a wastewater discharge permit as required by Section 1 of this Article, the user shall apply for a wastewater discharge permit within one hundred eighty (180) days after the promulgation of the applicable National Categorical Pretreatment Standard. In addition, the user with an existing wastewater discharge permit shall submit to the Superintendent within one hundred eighty (180) days after the promulgation of an applicable National Categorical Pretreatment Standard the information required by Paragraphs H and I of Section 2 of this Article.

Sec. 4. Wastewater discharge permits shall be expressly subject to all provisions of these rules and regulations and all other applicable regulations, user charges and fees established by the Town. Permits may contain the following:

A. The unit charge or schedule of user charges and fees for the wastewater to be discharged to a community sewer;

B. Limits on the average and maximum wastewater constituents and characteristics;

C. Limits on average and maximum rate and time of discharge, or requirements for flow regulation and equalization;

D. Requirements for installation and maintenance of inspection and sampling facilities;

E. Specifications for monitoring programs which may include sampling locations, frequency of sampling, number, types and standards for tests and reporting schedules;

F. Compliance schedules;

G. Requirements for submission of technical reports of discharge reports;

H. Requirements for maintaining and retaining plant records relating to wastewater discharges as specified by the Superintendent, and affording the Superintendent access thereto;

I. Requirements for notification of the Superintendent of any new introduction of wastewater constituents, or any substantial change in
the volume or character of the wastewater constituents being introduced into the wastewater treatment system;

J. Requirements for notification of slug discharges;

K. Other conditions as deemed appropriate by the Superintendent to ensure compliance with these rules and regulations.

Sec. 5. Permits shall be issued for a specified time period, not to exceed five (5) years. A permit may be issued for a period less than a year or may be stated to expire on a specific date. The user shall apply for a permit reissuance a minimum of one hundred eighty (180) days prior to the expiration of the user’s existing permit. The terms and conditions of the permit may be subject to modification by the Superintendent during the term of the permit as limitations or requirements as identified in Section 1 through 5 of Article III are modified, or other just cause exists. The user shall be informed of any proposed changes in his permit at least thirty (30) days prior to the effective date of change. Any changes or new conditions in the permit shall include a reasonable time schedule for compliance.

Sec. 6. Wastewater discharge permits are issued to a specific user for a specific operation. A wastewater discharge permit shall not be reassigned, transferred or sold to a new owner, new user, different premises, or a new or changed operation. Under these circumstances the user is required to apply for a new wastewater discharge permit.

ARTICLE V
REPORTING REQUIREMENTS FOR WASTEWATER DISCHARGE PERMITEES

Sec. 1. Within ninety (90) days following the date for final compliance with applicable Pretreatment Standards or, in the case of a new source, following commencement of the introduction of wastewater into the sewage treatment works, any user subject to Pretreatment Standards and requirements shall submit to the Superintendent a report indicating the nature and concentration of all pollutants in the discharge from the regulated process which are limited by Pretreatment Standards and requirements, and the average and maximum daily flow for these process units in the user’s facility which are limited by such Pretreatment Standards or requirements. The report shall state whether the applicable Pretreatment Standards or requirements are being met on a consistent basis and, if not, what additional operation and maintenance and/or pretreatment is necessary to bring the user into compliance with the applicable Pretreatment Standards or requirements.

Sec. 2. Any user subject to a Pretreatment Standard, after the compliance date of such Pretreatment Standard, or, in the case of a new source, after commencement of the discharge into the sewage treatment works, shall submit to the Superintendent during the months of June and December,
unless required more frequently in the Pretreatment Standard or by the Superintendent, a report indicating the nature and concentration of pollutants in the effluent which are limited by such Pretreatment Standard. In addition, this report shall include a record of all daily flows which during the reporting period exceeded the average daily flow reported in Section 4 of Article IV. At the discretion of the Superintendent and in consideration of such factors as local high or low flow rates, holidays, budget cycles, etc., the Superintendent may agree to alter the months during which the above reports are to be submitted.

Sec. 3. The Superintendent may impose mass limitations on users who are using dilution to meet applicable Pretreatment Standards or requirements, or in other cases where the imposition of mass limitations are appropriate. In such cases, the report required by Section 2 of this Article shall indicate the mass of pollutants regulated by Pretreatment Standards in the effluent of the user. These reports shall contain the results of sampling and analysis of the discharge, including the flow, nature and concentration, or production and mass where requested by the Superintendent, of pollutants contained therein which are limited by the applicable Pretreatment Standards. The frequency of monitoring shall be prescribed in the applicable Pretreatment Standard. All analyses shall be performed in accordance with procedures established by the EPA Regional Administrator pursuant to Section 304(g) of the Act and contained in 40 CFR 136 and amendments thereto, or with any other test procedures approved by the Administrator. Sampling shall be performed in accordance with the techniques approved by the Administrator.

Sec. 4. The ninety (90) day compliance reports and periodic compliance reports described in this Article V must be signed by an appropriate signatory, and certified as to accuracy, as detailed in 40 CFR 403.12 (l).

Sec. 5. If the sampling performed by the industrial user for the ninety (90) day compliance reports and periodic compliance reports described in this Article V indicates a violation, the user must comply with the notification and repeat sampling requirements described in Article IV, Section 2.

ARTICLE VI
PUBLIC SEWER ASSESSMENTS

Section 1. The Primary method of assessment for sewer betterments shall be by the Uniform Unit Method of Assessment.

A. A Uniform Unit Method of assessment shall be based upon sewerage construction costs divided among the total number of existing and potential sewer units to be served.

B. Each sewer unit shall be equal to single family residence.
C. Potential sewer units shall be calculated on the basis of zoning then in effect.

D. Existing and potential multifamily, commercial, industrial and semipublic uses shall be converted into sewer units on the basis of equivalent residential units (ERU's).

E. If a sewer unit is not able to use the betterment, then the assessment against it shall be less than a similar unit which may make use of the betterment.

F. Vacant parcels, which are restricted in perpetuity from residential, commercial, or industrial use and are unbuildable shall not be assessed.

G. In cases of errors resulting in an unfair assessment to a unit, the assessing authority shall adjust or abate a portion of the assessment so that it is fair and uniform compared with the assessment of other similar units upon a timely application for abatement.

Sec. 2. If the Board of Public Works determines, after public hearing with notice to affected parcel owners, that the Area & Frontage Method of assessment for sewer betterments shall result in a fairer and more equitable allocation of betterments than the Uniform Unit Method, then the Area & Frontage Method shall be applied as follows: The Board may initiate such hearing or respond to a petition. The determination of the Board of Public Works as to the method of betterment assessments shall be final.

A. The assessment for sewer betterments shall be computed at the current rate established by the most recent Town Meeting vote.

B. The primary frontage of a corner lot shall be the frontage having the greatest length.

C. The length of the frontage on corner lots having a rounded street line shall be measured to the point where a perpendicular erected from the line being measured is tangent to the curve of the intersection.

D. On corner lots where the common sewer has been constructed along both sides, the primary frontage shall be charged for the entire length at the current rate. The other frontage shall be exempt for the first one hundred (100) feet of length, and the remaining length shall be charged at the current rate per linear foot.

E. On corner lots where the public sewer has been constructed along one side only, the frontage shall be used to determine the assessment. When and if a sewer is constructed along the remaining side, the assessment shall be computed as though the public sewer was newly constructed in both streets, in accordance with Section 4 above. The
amount previously charged shall be credited to the account, and the balance shall be charged as an additional assessment.

F. The frontage and area of assessment for trunk service construction shall terminate at the junction or angle point of the pipeline, except in situations that warrant doing otherwise.

G. When the public sewer has been installed across a portion of the frontage of a lot with long frontage, and temporarily terminated, that distance along the frontage of the property directly opposite the public sewer in the street shall be assessed. This rule does not apply in instances of dead-end streets, summit manholes, or where the distance is less than a reasonable house lot.

H. At dead-end streets and/or summit manholes where the public sewer does not extend across the entire frontage of the lot, the entire frontage of that lot shall be assessed, provided that in each instance the public sewer can reasonably serve the assessed area. If the lot in question has frontage in excess of the minimum zoning requirement that extends beyond the termination point of the public sewer, the betterment assessed shall be based upon the minimum required zoning frontage.

ARTICLE VII
SEWER USE CHARGES

Sec. 1. Every dwelling, store, factory, institution or separate building discharging sewage into the Town of Dartmouth’s municipal sewerage system, or location where a building sewer connection has been installed from the public sewer to a point in or at a building where a direct connection to inside plumbing can be made, shall be subject to a sewer use charge.

Sec. 2. Sewer use charges shall be computed as set forth by the Board of Public Works. Said sewer use charge for non-industrial users is based on metered water consumption and may be billed quarterly, semi-annually or annually as deemed necessary by the Board of Public Works.

Sec. 3. The rate schedule for the Bliss Corner Area will be geared to offset sewer use charges imposed by the City of New Bedford, which is subject to change in accordance with the operation of the City’s sewage treatment plant.

Sec. 4. Sewer use charges for industries shall be computed on the basis of metered water consumption as stated in Article VII, Section 2, or on the basis of metered wastewater discharge, and also on the basis of pollutational load as determined by tests and analyses furnished the Superintendent by the industry or independent testing laboratory. Pollutational load charges shall be that portion of capital and operating costs of the public sewer system directly
attributable to the industry for which services or facilities would not be provided if the industry were not discharging.

For purposes of this regulation ordinary sanitary sewage (normal sewage) will be assumed to have a 5-day BOD of 200 mg/l. Pollution load charges will be computed by the following formula:

\[(\text{Flow} \times C_f + (\text{Flow} \times C_{BOD} \times 8.34 \times P_{ie})) = SC\]

where

- \(SC\) = Total sewer use charge for industrial waste.
- \(\text{Flow}\) = Average daily industrial flow (mgd) based on metered water consumption or metered wastewater discharge.
- \(P_{ie}\) = 5 day BOD of industrial waste in excess of 200 mg/l.
- \(C_f\) = Sewer use charge computed on basis of metered water consumption or metered wastewater discharge, as stated in Article VII, Section 4 ($/mgd).
- \(C_{BOD}\) = Sewer use charge computed on basis of cost to treat one pound of 5 day BOD ($/lb. BOD).

Industrial users are also responsible for the Town’s entire capital and operation and maintenance cost of the industrial pretreatment program. Such costs include the Town’s expenses for equipment, labor, chemicals and private laboratory analyses. All expenses exclusive of those for analysis of industrial wastewater by private laboratories, shall be paid by the industrial users through wastewater discharge permit fees, and/or through sewer use charges based on metered water consumption or metered wastewater flow and pollutional load. Each industrial user shall also pay for the actual cost of the private laboratory’s analysis of samples of its wastewater obtained by the Town to determine industrial compliance with Pretreatment Standards and requirements. In addition, each industrial user is responsible for all self-monitoring costs as well as other capital and operation and maintenance costs required to achieve compliance with Pretreatment Standards and requirements.

*If BOD of industrial wastewater is 305 mg/l, \(P_{ie} = 105\) mg/l.

If BOD of industrial wastewater is 195 mg/l, \(P_{ie} = 0\) mg/l.
Sec. 5. The sewer use charge shall be for the current year. All buildings connected as of January 1st of that year and completed according to the records of the Town of Dartmouth shall be subject to a sewer use charge.

Sec. 6. If a building is to be removed or demolished, and the building sewer connection discontinued, the owner, upon written request to the Board of Public Works, may have the sewer use charge adjusted through the month of the date of notice, providing a permit is on record in the Building Inspector's office for such removal or demolition.

Sec. 7. No adjustments or abatements of the sewer use charge shall be made for buildings or dwellings temporarily vacant.

ARTICLE VIII
SEPTAGE DISPOSAL

Sec. 1. The following sections in this Article VIII apply to domestic septage waste delivered by commercial trucks for treatment at the Russells Mills Road Sewage Treatment Plant. With the exception of the leachate from the Town of Dartmouth's Sanitary Landfill, this service is designated for residential septic tank waste only. No other industrial or commercial process waste will be accepted.

Sec. 2. Applications for a permit to use the Russells Mills Road Sewage Treatment Plant for the dumping of septage wastes shall be obtained at the office of the Superintendent of Public Works (Attachment 4).

Sec. 3. The septage hauler shall pay to the Town of Dartmouth, monthly, a fee for each 1,000 gallons unloaded at the treatment plant. This fee shall be the amount most recently approved by the Board of Public Works.

Sec. 4. Upon reaching the sewage treatment plant the septage hauler shall proceed directly to the septage receiving facility. At this facility the hauler will provide the treatment plant operator with a sample of the truck contents, submit the appropriate paperwork and sign a logbook. The plant operator will check the sample for pH and then save it for further analysis, as necessary. When the plant operator is satisfied with the documentation, the pH of the sample and the condition of the truck and its contents, the waste may be received. The plant operator will record the pH and the septage volume measured at the time of discharge, and keep this information with the documentation provided by the hauler. The plant operator shall keep together all of the documents for each truckload.

Sec. 5. Only septage wastes collected within the Town of Dartmouth shall be discharged at the treatment plant, and the discharge location shall be at the septage receiving facility.
Sec. 6. The discharge of septage wastes from trucks into the Town of Dartmouth sewer system through manholes is prohibited. The septage receiving facility at the sewage treatment plant is the only approved site for such discharges. Violators will be prosecuted.

Sec. 7. Septage wastes discharged at the sewage treatment plant must comply with Section 4 and 5 of Article III of these Rules and Regulations.

Sec. 8. No septage waste may be discharged at the sewage treatment plant which has a pH in excess of 9.5, or lower than 5.5.

Sec. 9. Discharge of septage wastes shall be controlled by a valve and approved tank outlet connection. Side discharge trucks are prohibited.

Sec. 10. The discharge gate valve on the septage truck shall be firmly closed so that no drippings will be observed after truck contents have been emptied.

Sec. 11. The septage hauler shall maintain the cleanliness and appearance of the septage receiving facility to the satisfaction of the treatment plant operator.

Sec. 12. To each 1,000 gallons of septage received, the septage hauler shall add one to two pounds of the potassium permanganate, as determined by the treatment plant operator. The hauler shall provide this chemical.

Sec. 13. The septage hauler shall confine his use of the treatment plant to regular working hours.

Sec. 14. The septage hauler shall save the Town of Dartmouth from any responsibility for damage done to, or done by, property or personnel participating in this program which stems from activities related to occupying the treatment plant for the purposes of disposing of septage wastes.

Sec. 15. Septage haulers shall be billed the first of each month, and payment shall be made to the Town Treasurer prior to the next month’s billing. If such payment is not made, the permit to dump septage wastes at the sewage treatment plant shall be revoked.

Sec. 16. Failure to observe these rules shall result in revocation of the permit for a period of time determined by the Superintendent.

ARTICLE IX
ROCK EXCAVATION

Sec. 1. Rock excavation shall be in accordance with Department of Public Works Specifications.
ARTICLE X
PROTECTION FROM DAMAGE

Sec. 1. No unauthorized person shall maliciously, willfully or negligently break, damage, destroy, uncover, deface or tamper with any structure, appurtenance or equipment which is part of the sewage works. Any person violating this provision shall be subject to immediate arrest and prosecution under the charge of malicious destruction to property, Chapter 266, Section 127 of the General Laws of the Commonwealth, or any other law, ordinance or by-law that may be applicable.

ARTICLE XI
POWER AND AUTHORITY OF INSpectORS

Sec. 1. The Superintendent and other duly authorized employees of the Town of Dartmouth, bearing proper credentials and identification, shall be permitted to enter all properties for the purpose of inspection, observation, measurement, sampling, testing and examination and copying of records pertaining to their discharges, in accordance with provisions of these rules and regulations. The Superintendent or other duly authorized employees of the Town of Dartmouth, the State or EPA shall have the right to set up on the user’s property such devices as are necessary to conduct sampling, inspection, compliance monitoring and/or metering operations. Any person entering a user’s property for the purpose stated in this section shall comply with the confidentiality requirements set forth in 40 CFR 403.14 in order to protect the user’s interests.

Sec. 2. While performing the necessary work on private properties referred to in Article XI, Section 1 (above), the Superintendent or his duly authorized employees of the Town of Dartmouth shall observe safety rules applicable to the premises, as established by the company, and the company shall be held harmless for injury or death to the Town employees. The Town shall indemnify the company against loss or for personal injury or property damage asserted against the company and growing out of the gauging and sampling operation, except as such may be caused by negligence or failure of the company to maintain safe conditions as required in Article III, Section 20.

ARTICLE XII
CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

Sec. 1. Information and data on a user obtained from reports, questionnaires, permit applications, permits, monitoring programs and inspections shall be available to the public or other governmental agency without restriction unless the user claims that the information is confidential and submits it in accordance with the requirements of Section 403.14 of the General Pretreatment Regulations. If a claim is asserted, all information will be treated in
ARTICLE XIII
PENALTIES

Sec. 1. Any user found to be violating any provisions of these rules and regulations (except Article X), its wastewater discharge permit, or any prohibition or limitation of requirements contained herein, shall be served by the Town of Dartmouth a written notice stating the nature of the violation. Within thirty (30) days of the date of notice, a plan for the satisfactory correction thereof shall be submitted to the Superintendent by the user.

Sec. 2. Any user who willfully or negligently failed to comply with any provision of these rules and regulations or the orders, rules, regulations and permits issued hereunder, shall be fined up to five thousand (5,000) dollars for each offense in accordance with Chapter 174, Section 7 of the Massachusetts General Laws. Each day on which a violation shall occur or continue shall be deemed a separate and distinct offense. In addition to the penalties provided herein, the user shall become liable to the Town of Dartmouth for any expense, loss or damage occasioned the Town of Dartmouth by reason of such offense. The Town may also recover reasonable attorneys' fees, court costs, court reporters' fees and other expenses of litigation by appropriate suit at law against the person found to have violated these rules and regulations or the orders, rules, regulations and permits issued hereunder.

Sec. 3. At least annually the Town of Dartmouth will publish, in the largest area newspaper, a list of industrial users which in the previous twelve (12) months significantly violated applicable Pretreatment Standards or other pretreatment requirements. An industrial user is in significant noncompliance if its violations meet one or more of the following criteria:

A. Chronic violations or wastewater discharge limits, defined as those in which sixty-six percent or more of all the measurements taken during a six-month period exceed (by any magnitude) the daily maximum limit or the average limit for the same pollutant parameter;

B. Technical review criteria (TRC) violations, defined as those in which thirty-three percent or more of all of the measurements for each pollutant parameter taken during a six-month period equal or exceed the product of the daily average maximum limit or the average limit times the applicable TRC (TRC = 1.4 for BOD, TSS, fats, oils and grease, and 1.2 for all other pollutants except pH);

C. Any other violation of a pretreatment effluent limit (daily maximum or longer-term average) that the Superintendent determines has caused, alone or in combination with other discharges, interference or pass
through (including endangering the health of sewage treatment plant personnel or the general public);

D. Any discharge of a pollutant that has caused imminent endangerment to human health, welfare or to the environment, or has resulted in the sewage treatment plant’s exercise of its emergency authority under paragraph (f) (l) (vi) (B) of 40 CFR 403.8 to halt or prevent such a discharge;

E. Failure to meet, within ninety (90) days after the scheduled date, a compliance schedule milestone contained in a local control mechanism or enforcement order, for starting construction, completing construction or attaining final compliance;

F. Failure to provide, within thirty (30) days after the due date, required reports such as baseline monitoring reports, 90-day compliance reports, periodic self-monitoring reports or reports on compliance with compliance schedules;

G. Failure to accurately report noncompliance; or

H. Any other violation or group of violations which the Superintendent determines will adversely affect the operation or implementation of the local pretreatment program.

ARTICLE XIV
VALIDITY

Sec. 1. All prior rules and regulations or parts thereof in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

Sec. 2. The invalidity of any section, clause, sentence or provision of these rules and regulations shall not affect the validity of any other part of these rules and regulations which can be given effect without such invalid part or parts.

ARTICLE XV
BILLS, BOOKS, ACCOUNTS AND REPORTS

Sec. 1. Sewer Assessments:

A. Upon completion of the installation of the public sewer by the Department of Public Works along the frontage of personal property, computation of assessment charges shall be accomplished for each landowner in accordance with Article VI, by the Department of Public Works.
B. The bill shall be forwarded to the Town of Dartmouth Tax Assessors within thirty (30) days after completion of the installation of the public sewer along the frontage of personal property.

C. NOTE: See rules and regulations of the Town of Dartmouth Tax Collector and Tax Assessor for methods of billing and payment.

Sec. 2. Building Sewer Connection:

A. The owner or his duly authorized representative shall submit an application for construction of a building sewer and subsequent connection to the public sewer.

B. If the public sewer has a connection stubbed off within the frontage of the owner's property, there shall be a charge for a connection permit. This charge shall be the amount most recently approved by the Board of Public Works.

C. If the public sewer does not have a connection stubbed off within the frontage of the owner's land, a service installation fee established by the Board of Public Works shall be required from the owner when the application is submitted.

D. The Department of Public Works shall install a connection in the public sewer within the frontage of the owner's land on a public way.

Sec. 3. Sewer Use Charge. The Department of Public Works shall mail a bill for sewer usage to all persons serviced by a public sewer, in accordance with Article VII.
ARTICLE XVI
REGULATIONS IN FORCE

Sec. 1. These Regulations shall be in full force and effect from and after their passage, approval, recording and publication as provided by law.

Sec. 2. Passed and Adopted by:

LEGAL COUNSEL:

John Birknes

BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS:

Jack B. Hirschmann, Jr.
Alan B. Mercer, Sr.
David L. Vincent

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC WORKS:

Manuel A. Branco

ADOPTED BY VOTE OF TOWN MEETING
TOWN CLERK:

Eleanor J. White
ATTACHMENT 1

TOWN OF DARTMOUTH, MASSACHUSETTS
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

CONNECTION PERMIT APPLICATION FOR CONSTRUCTION OF A
RESIDENTIAL OR COMMERCIAL BUILDING SEWER

To the Town of Dartmouth, Massachusetts:

The undersigned, being the ____________________________ of the property
(Owner, Owner’s Agent)

located at ____________________________, does hereby
(Number) (Street)

request a permit to install a building sewer and make connection to the public sewer to
serve the ____________________________
(Residence, Commercial Building, etc.)

at said location.

1. The following indicated fixtures will be connected to the proposed building sewer:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Fixture</th>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Fixture</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>______</td>
<td>Kitchen sinks</td>
<td>______</td>
<td>Water Closets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>______</td>
<td>Lavatories</td>
<td>______</td>
<td>Bathtubs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>______</td>
<td>Laundry Tubs</td>
<td>______</td>
<td>Showers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>______</td>
<td>Urinals</td>
<td>______</td>
<td>Garbage Grinders</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Specify other fixtures

2. The maximum number of persons who will use the above fixtures is _______.

3. The name and address of person or firm who will perform the proposed work is
4. Plans and specifications for the proposed building sewer are attached hereunto as exhibit “A”.

In consideration of the granting of this permit, the undersigned agrees:

1. To accept and abide by all provisions of the Rules and Regulations for the Installation and Connection of Building Sewers and for the Use of Public Sewers of the Town of Dartmouth, Massachusetts, and of all other pertinent rules and regulations that may be adopted in the future.

2. To maintain the building sewer at no expense to the Town.

3. To notify the Superintendent when the building sewer is ready for inspection and connection to the public sewer, but before any portion of the work is covered.

Date: ____________________  Signed: ____________________

(Applicant)

(Address of Applicant)

$_________ inspection fee paid.

(Certification by Town Treasurer)

Application approved and permit issued: Number: _______

Date: ____________________  Signed: ____________________

(Superintendent)
ATTACHMENT 1A

TOWN OF DARTMOUTH, MASSACHUSETTS
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

CONNECTION PERMIT APPLICATION FOR CONSTRUCTION OF A
AN INDUSTRIAL SEWER

To the Town of Dartmouth, Massachusetts:

The undersigned, being the ___________________________ of the property
(Owner, Lessee, Tenant, etc.)

located at ___________________________ ___________________________, does hereby
(Number) (Street)

request a permit to ___________________________ an industrial sewer connection to the public
(Install, Use)

sewer serving the ___________________________,
(Name of Company)

which company is engaged in ___________________________ at said location.

1. A plan of the property showing accurately all sewers and drains now existing is
attached hereunto as Exhibit “A”.

2. Plans and specifications covering any work proposed to be performed under this
permit is attached hereunto as Exhibit “B”.

3. A complete schedule of all process wastewater produced or expected to be
produced at said property, including a description of the character of the
wastewater, the daily volume and maximum rates of discharge, and representative
analyses, is attached hereunto as Exhibit “C”.

4. The name and address of the person or firm who will perform the work covered by
this permit is: ___________________________
In consideration of the granting of this permit the undersigned agrees:

1. To furnish any additional information relating to the installation or use of the industrial sewer for which this permit is sought as may be requested by the Superintendent.

2. To accept and abide by all provisions of the Rules and Regulations for the Installation and Connection of Building Sewers for the Use of Public Sewers of the Town of Dartmouth, Massachusetts, and of all other pertinent rules and regulations that may be adopted in the future.

3. To operate and maintain any waste pretreatment facilities, as may be required as a condition of the acceptance into the public sewer of the industrial wastewater involved, in an efficient manner at all times and at no expense to the Town.

4. To cooperate at all times with the Superintendent and his representative in their inspecting, sampling and study of the industrial wastewater, and any facilities provided for pretreatment.

5. To notify the Superintendent immediately in the event of any accident, negligence or other occurrence that occasions discharge to the public sewer of any wastes or process waters not covered by this permit.

6. Restrictions:

Date: ___________________________ Signed: ___________________________

(Applicant)

(Address of Applicant)

$ __________ inspection fee paid.

(Application approved and permit issued: Number: __________)

Date: ___________________________ Signed: ___________________________

(Supervisor)
ATTACHMENT 2

TOWN OF DARTMOUTH, MASSACHUSETTS
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

APPLICATION FOR LICENSED UTILITY LAYER

(Please type or print neatly)

__________________________________________ (Applicant) hereby
makes application for a license to engage in the business of utility installation in the Town
of Dartmouth on this _____ day of ________________, 20__.

Business Name: __________________________
Address: ________________________________ City / Town: ______________ State: ______
Phone: _________________________________
Emergency Phone: ________________________

Please Check ___ New Application ___ Renewal

GENERAL INFORMATION: (Please provide the following information).

A. List three (3) Cities / Towns that the applicant is currently licensed to perform utility
installation. Include the name, title and phone number of each reference.

1. City/Town: ___________________________ Name: ___________________________
   Phone: ______________________________
   Title: _______________________________

2. City/Town: ___________________________ Name: ___________________________
   Phone: ______________________________
   Title: _______________________________

3. City/Town: ___________________________ Name: ___________________________
   Phone: ______________________________
   Title: _______________________________

B. List the following information.

1. Name of Owner(s): ___________________________
   Number of years in business: ______

2. Name of Working Foreman: ___________________________
   Number of years of Experience: ______

3. Number of full-time employees: ______
4. List all major equipment owned by the Company:

__________________________________________________________________
__________________________________________________________________
__________________________________________________________________
__________________________________________________________________
__________________________________________________________________

5. If a Licensed Plumber in Massachusetts, please provide License Number ____________

6. Has the Company had its License to perform utility work revoked in any City/Town in the past five (5) years? Y ______ N ______
   If so, please name the City/Town and reason for having the License revoked.
   City/Town: ____________________________________________
   Reason: ____________________________________________

7. Please provide three (3) letters of recommendation from similar sized utilities within the Commonwealth. These letters must be signed by the Chief Engineer or the Superintendent of Public Works certifying the applicants experience and performance in digging utility trenches in Town Streets containing municipal Water, Sewer & Drains to include Private or Public Gas Mains.

Letters submitted with Application Y ______ N ______

Authorized Signature,  Title  Date: ________________

Application Reviewed by: ___________________________  Date: ________________
Recommended for Approval: _________________________  Date: ________________

Superintendent
Department of Public Works
APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DISCHARGE SEPTAGE WASTES
AT THE DARTMOUTH SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT

The undersigned, being the ________________________________
(Owner, Owner's Agent)

of ________________________________ Tel. _______________
(Company Name) (Address)

does hereby request a permit to discharge cesspool and septic tank wastes at the
Dartmouth sewage treatment plant from the following vehicles:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vehicle Identification No.</th>
<th>Tank Capacity</th>
<th>Operators</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>gallons</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>gallons</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>gallons</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In consideration of the granting of this permit, the undersigned agrees:

1. To accept and abide by all provisions of the Rules and Regulations for the
   Installation and Connection of Building Sewers and for the Use of Public Sewers of
   the Town of Dartmouth, Massachusetts, and all other pertinent rules and regulations
   that may be adopted in the future.

2. To notify the Superintendent of any changes or additions to this application and
   cooperate at all times with the Superintendent and his representatives with regard to
   transporting and disposing of wastes.

3. To notify the Superintendent and the Board of Public Health immediately in the
   event of any accident, negligence or other occurrence that may endanger public
   health or safety.
4. Permit shall expire one (1) year from date of issuance.

Date: ___________________________ Signed: ___________________________

(Applicant)

(Address of Applicant)

Application approved and permit granted: Number ___________________________

Date: ___________________________ Signed: ___________________________

(Superintendent)
ATTACHMENT 5

TOWN OF DARTMOUTH, MASSACHUSETTS
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

SEWER PERMIT POLICY

Where, in the opinion of the Board of Public Works, plans submitted for a housing
development, an industrial complex, or a commercial project indicate the prospect for
negative impact or any portion of the Dartmouth sewerage system, the Board shall require
the owner, builder, or developer to reduce infiltration or inflow in an amount twice greater
than the calculated flow determined for the proposed project.

All plans submitted in which the calculated flow, using Title V minimums, exceeds the
amount of 2,000 gallons per day, shall be subjected to impact study to determine the
effects of the proposed calculated flow on the system.

If the Board determines negative impact due to the proposed flow and infiltration/inflow
reduction is required, the owner may elect to correct the prescribed amount of I/I* under
the Engineering Department’s supervision at a location selected by the Engineering
Department, or by the Engineering Department using a private contractor. In either case,
the developer (owner) shall pay all costs associated with the requirements of I/I*
correction.

Adopted May 18, 1988
Board of Public Works

*I infiltration/inflow